

Range Officers Agreement 2016

1. I acknowledge that I have been told a copy of the range rules for the Jefferson Co. Sportsman Club are posted at the range, I understand them and will implement them to the best of my ability.
2. I understand that I will not disclose the combination of the range to anyone except other range officers.
3. I will immediately report any problem, accidents, shots outside of the red line, or unsafe conditions to the lead range officer as soon as possible.
4. I will check the membership cards of persons wanting to use the range before any shooting activities take place.
5. I will volunteer my time to work and promote use of the range by members. Will attend RO meetings when called and not shoot before 9am or after 9pm.
6. If I am a certified instructor of any kind I will not use the club range for any instructions until approved in writing by the board of directors.
7. It is legal for me to buy and own firearm in Kentucky? _____
8. I will clean the range before closing the range.
9. I WILL NOT TOLERATE ANY unsafe behavior on the range at any time.
10. I will check all ammo to ensure that no magnum, shotgun shells, or any bottleneck cartridge is used in the range. All rimfire ammo is OK.
11. I will sign in before shooting and inspect the range for damage before and after use.
12. I agree to pay for any damage caused during my use of the range.
13. I will collect guest fees from any guest I bring to the range and deposit them in the box provided.

Name: _____

Phone Number: _____

Signature: _____

Date: _____

PISTOL RANGE OFFICERS TEST

1. The range officer is in charge of the range and responsible for the safe operation of the range.

TRUE FALSE

2. The range officer is the only person who can call "Commence Firing"

TRUE FALSE

3. 22 caliber rifle is dangerous to a mile or more.

TRUE FALSE

4. You can not use a coach to assist the shooter during training and practice.

TRUE FALSE

5. You need not wear shooting glasses when shooting a revolver.

TRUE FALSE

6. The term "pistol" is commonly used to describe short barreled firearms that are fired from the hand.

TRUE FALSE

7 Ammunition used in modern guns is of two types, rimfire and center fire.

TRUE FALSE

8. A 12 gauge shotgun has a larger bore then a 20 gauge shotgun.

TRUE FALSE

9. The shooter may load their firearm once they are on the firing line.

TRUE FALSE

10. When shooting a rifle or handgun you slap the trigger.

TRUE FALSE

11. Modern rifles are made up of which assembly groups?

- a. action, stock, barrel
- b. sights, muzzle, trigger
- c. action, comb, muzzle

12 Who may call the command "cease fire" on the range?

- a. only the range officer
- b. anyone who detects an unsafe condition
- c. the first person to finish firing

13. When the command cease fire is given the shooter

- a. continues to fire the shot they are about to shoot, then place firearm on the bench with action open.
- b. immediately stops, removes their finger from trigger and keeps muzzle pointed in a safe direction, waits for further instructions.
- c. continues to fire the shot they are about to shoot, keep muzzle pointed in safe direction, wait for further instructions.

14. When on the range the shooter may load ...

- a. when they arrive on the firing line.
- b. when they think it is safe.
- c. when the range officer gives the command "Load".

15. The spiral grooves called rifling is found in ...

- a. shotguns
- b. rifles
- c. rifles and pistols

16. A safety on any gun is ...

- a. of no value at all
- b. a sure way of keeping the gun from firing
- c. a mechanical device that sometimes fails to work.

17. On the firing line when not being used the firearm should be ...

- a. laying on the bench, action open, unloaded & muzzle down range.
- b. laying on bench, action open, loaded & muzzle down range.
- c. laying on bench, action open & unloaded.

18. Sighting in a handgun or rifle means to . . .

- a. adjust the sights on the gun.
- b. look down the barrel to see where the gun is pointed.
- c. shoot several shots at a target and adjust the sights until the shots are centered in the bulls eye.

19. The term "Dry fire" means

- a. exercising the fundamentals of marksmanship with an unloaded gun
- b. exercising the fundamentals of marksmanship with a loaded gun
- c. exercising the fundamentals of marksmanship with alternating live and dummy rounds in the gun

20. The end of the gun through which the bullet exits the gun is called

- a. chamber
- b. fore-end
- c. muzzle

21. When adjusting the sights of most modern firearms today you move the rear sight

- a. in the direction you want the bullets to move.
- b. in the opposite direction you want the bullets to move
- c. in the direction you want the bullets to move and the front sight in the opposite direction

22. There are basically three types of sights found on rifles. They are

- a. optical sights, open sights and peep sights
- b. optical sights, open sights, and aperture sights
- c. scope sights, open sights, and post sights

23. There are three fundamental gun safety rules. One is referred to as the golden rule.

- a. always keep the gun pointed in a safe direction
- b. always keep your finger off the trigger till ready to shoot
- c. always keep the gun unloaded till ready to use

24. The majority of firearm accidents happen

- a. in the home
- b. in the field
- c. in the car

25. When is the firearm loaded on the range?

- a. when the range officer gives the command to "commence firing"
- b. when the range officer gives the command to "load"
- c. when the range officer gives the command "ready at the firing line."